Vanuatu National Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCov) Taskforce



Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCov) Public Advisory #3

9 February 2020

At present, there are NO suspected or confirmed cases of 2019-nCoV in Vanuatu, nor in any other Pacific island country. Should a case be detected, the Ministry of Health Emergency Medical Team are on standby with dedicated quarantine facilities in Port Vila and Luganville, and a thorough response plan is ready should it be required.

All cross-border government agencies and state-owned enterprises operating within Vanuatu's international port of entries (seaports and airports) have been advised about the current World Health Organization declaration of a Public Health Emergency of International Concern for 2019-nCoV on 31 January 2020.

The Ministry of Health and the 2019-nCoV Taskforce continue to revise the surveillance program for 2019-nCoV in Vanuatu.

The Taskforce has adopted the WHO's revised definitions for suspected, probable and confirmed cases of 2019-nCoV as the basis for Vanuatu's response to this disease. These definitions can be found on WHO's website.

As of 9 February, 2020, Vanuatu's enhanced surveillance response measures have been further updated as follows:

1. Pre-Boarding Screening Measures (craft entering Vanuatu)

1.1. Travellers of ALL nationalities MUST complete an Incoming Passenger Health Declaration form prior to boarding any craft entering Vanuatu (see Appendix A). This form provides information on their travel itinerary over the preceding 14 days, previous travel to China (People's Republic of), Chinese Taipei, Hong Kong (SAR China) or Macau (SAR China), and also details on their current health status, phone number, email address and physical address while visiting or residing in Vanuatu. It is an offence under the Public Health Act to not complete this Declaration Form truthfully and penalties apply.

- **1.2.** Any foreign national wishing to enter Vanuatu who has originated from or has transited through any port in China (People's Republic of), Chinese Taipei, Hong Kong (SAR China) or Macau (SAR China) in the previous 14 days will be denied entry to Vanuatu until further notice.
- 1.3. Any foreign national wishing to enter Vanuatu who has originated from or has transited through any port in China (People's Republic of), Chinese Taipei, Hong Kong (SAR China) or Macau (SAR China) since 31 December 2019 but who has spent the previous 14 days outside of China (People's Republic of), Chinese Taipei, Hong Kong (SAR China) or Macau (SAR China) MUST ALSO supply a copy of Medical Clearance Form 1 completed by a registered medical practitioner (see Appendix B) certifying that they are free from any respiratory illness.
- 1.4. Travellers showing symptoms of respiratory illness (flu, running nose, fever, headache, chest pain, or difficulty in breathing) MUST be tested by a registered medical practitioner for 2019-nCoV (n.b. a nasopharyngeal swab is the only recommended test for 2019-nCoV at present) and supply a copy of Medical Clearance Form 2 completed by a registered medical practitioner (see Appendix C) certifying that (a) they have been tested for 2019-nCoV at a WHO appointed 2019-nCoV referral laboratory, and (b) that the test returned a negative result for 2019-nCoV.

Travellers showing any symptoms of respiratory illness or infection are strongly advised to postpone travel to Vanuatu until they are healthy.

Travellers of any nationality wishing to enter Vanuatu who do not comply with the above will be prevented from boarding any craft travelling to Vanuatu.

2. Pre-Arrival Surveillance Measures (craft entering Vanuatu)

2.1. Airlines

2.1.1. All flight crew on board all foreign going aircraft coming onto Vanuatu are advised to report any symptoms or signs of flu, running nose, fever, headache, chest pain, or difficulty in breathing to ground staff at the airport terminal, when detected during flights.

2.2. Shipping

- 2.2.1. The Master and Captain of all foreign going vessels coming into Vanuatu MUST provide the following documentation to the Health Surveillance Team within 24 hours prior to arrival:
 - a) Voyage Memo (outlining all ports visited during the past 14 days)
 - **b)** Maritime Health Declaration (certifying health condition of crew and captain on board)
 - c) Vaccination List (outlining any case of outbreak on board).
- 2.2.2. The Health Surveillance Team will provide clearance to all incoming vessels, prior to berthing alongside the seaport.

3. Actual Arrival Measures

3.1. Airports

- 3.1.1. Health Officials are stationed at the airside both at Port Vila International Airport and Santo International Airport to screen all incoming passengers and crew for suspected symptoms of acute respiratory illness.
- 3.1.2. Any passenger with suspected symptoms of acute respiratory illness will be immediately isolated for further medical assessment.
- 3.1.3. All passengers cleared for entry will be monitored for the duration of their stay, or for the 14-day 2019-nCoV incubation period if their stay exceeds 14 days.

3.2. Seaports

- 3.2.1. Health Officials are stationed at all international seaports during arrival of vessels (Port Vila, Luganville and Mystery Island) to screen all incoming passengers and crew for suspected symptoms of acute respiratory illness.
- 3.2.2. Non-passengers are NOT permitted to board any foreign-going vessel that is berthed in a Vanuatu port until further notice (Vanuatu Government Customs and Immigration staff on official business and staff of local shipping agents excepted). Any passenger with suspected symptoms of acute respiratory illness will be immediately isolated for further medical assessment.
- 3.2.3. All passengers cleared for entry will be monitored for the duration of their stay, or for the 14-day 2019-nCoV incubation period if their stay exceeds 14 days.

4. Post Arrival Measures (Private Dwellings, Hotels and Resorts)

- **4.1.** All arriving passenger records are kept and monitored under the Ministry of Health database monitoring system.
- **4.2.** Continuous contact tracing of each traveller will be undertaken by the Ministry of Health Surveillance Unit until such time as the traveller has passed through the 14-day 2019-nCoV incubation period without displaying suspected symptoms of 2019-nCoV, or the traveller departs Vanuatu.

Key Recommendations for the Vanuatu public

At this time, the Ministry of Health recommends that all travellers (both citizens and non-citizens) avoid non-essential travel to China until further notice.

The Ministry of Health strongly emphasises the need for all travellers and the general public to observe the following hygiene practices:

- 1. Avoid close contact with people suffering from acute respiratory infections;
- 2. Frequently wash hands with soap and water or alcohol-based hand sanitiser, especially after direct contact with ill people or their environment.
- 3. Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing with tissue or flexed elbow.
- 4. Avoiding unprotected contact with farm or wild animals.

If you become unwell: In case of symptoms of respiratory illness or infection (fever, cough and breathing difficulties) either during or after travel to an affected area, travellers are

encouraged to seek medical advice and isolate themselves to prevent the potential for spreading any infection.

Anyone with flu-like symptoms persisting over a week and/or if the condition worsens, such as difficulty breathing, chest pain or worsening of chronic medical conditions, MUST seek medical attention.

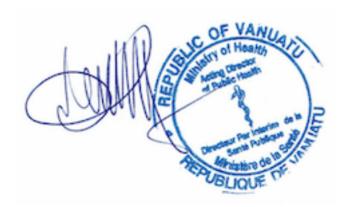
Vila Central Hospital - 22100 or 112 (Emergency) - Dr. Vincent Atua Mobile: +678 771 6135

Health Surveillance Monitoring - Mr. Vanua Sikon Mobile: +678 572 4903

There is no specific treatment for people who are sick with 2019-nCoV. Treatment includes isolation as a precaution, and supportive medical care for those who experience symptoms.

Vanuatu currently has no confirmed or suspected cases of Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV). The Ministry of Health Taskforce is continuing to closely monitor the emerging situation around the outbreak of 2019-nCoV in close collaboration with the World Health Organisation (WHO) and other partners. This is a fast-evolving situation and The Ministry of Health Taskforce will issue further advisories with new information as necessary.

Signed,
Donald A. PELAM,
Chairman of the Novel Coronavirus National Taskforce and
Acting Director—Public Health
Department of Health,
Ministry of Health,
Republic of Vanuatu





Passenger Health Declaration Form

All passengers **MUST** complete this form before boarding for Vanuatu.

Please note that heavy penalties will be imposed under Vanuatu's Public Health Act for any false declaration made by any individual

Name	Age	Sex	Date of Birth		
Section A					
Residential address (Home address):					
Email address:	Transiting pa	assenger: Yes	No		
Phone Number:	Flight No:				
Section B					
Have you been in any of the following countries in the last 14 days?					
Mainland China Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Chinese T	aipei Yes [] No □		
Hong Kong Yes No No	Macau Ch	ina Yes [□ No □		
If your answer is "YES" to any of the above countries, please consult the airline staff immediately. You are NOT allowed to board this flight.					
Section C					
Do you have any of the following sign and symptoms right now?					
Fever Yes No No	Cough Yes No No				
Running nose Yes No	Shortness of breath Yes ☐ No ☐				
If your answer is "YES" to any of the above, please consult the airline staff immediately and present your medical clearance showing that you are 2019-nCoV free. You MAY NOT be allowed to board this flight					
Signature:	Date	ə:			



MEDICAL CLEARANCE FORM 1 FOR TRAVEL TO THE REPUBLIC OF THE VANUATU

Surname	First Name(s)	Date of Birth	M / F			
Residential address						
Screening Questions						
Do you have: 1. A history of travel to China, Hong Kong, Macau or Taiwan? Yes No						
2. Close contact* with a confirmed or probable case of 2019-nCoV infection, while that patient was symptomatic? Yes No Not known						
3. Have you been to a healthcare facility where 2019-nCoV infections have been managed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Not known ☐						
 Have you been to a laboratory handling suspected or confirmed 2019-nCoV samples? Yes ☐ No ☐ Not known ☐ 						
5. Have you had direct contact with animals in countries where the 2019-nCoV is known to be circulating in animal populations, or where human infections have occurred as a result of presumed transmission from animals? Yes No Not known						
	Physical Examination					
General Appearance (Robustness a	and Activity):					
Vital Signs: Respiratory Rate :	/ min Temperature	oC				
Respiratory System : Chest						
Nose/ Throat						
Other abnormal physical findings:						

Personal Declaration To be signed in the presence of the examining doctor:					
I, (<i>Print name</i>) have answered the above questions truthfully and to the best of my knowledge. I am fully aware that if I make a false declaration I may be subject to severe penalties.					
·	(Signature)				
Medic	al physician Declaration	(DD/MM/YYYY)			
I, Dr	(!	Name and Qualifications)			
of(<i>Prac</i>	tice or Hospital Address)				
Hereby certify that Mr/Ms/Mrs					
Doctor's Signature	Date (DD/MM/YYYY)	Company Stamp or Seal			

Annex 1

Definitions of patients with Severe Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI), suspected of 2019-nCoV infection*

An ARI with history of fever or measured temperature ≥38 C° and cough; onset within the last ~10 days; and requiring hospitalization. However, the absence of fever does NOT exclude viral infection.

Surveillance case definitions for 2019-nCoV*

A. Patients with severe acute respiratory infection (fever, cough, and requiring admission to hospital), AND with no other etiology that fully explains the clinical presentation₁

AND at least one of the following:

- a history of travel to or residence in the city of Wuhan, Hubei Province, China in the 14 days prior to symptom onset, or
- patient is a health care worker who has been working in an environment where severe acute respiratory infections of unknown etiology are being cared for.
- B. Patients with any acute respiratory illness AND at least one of the following:
 - close contact₂ with a confirmed or probable case of 2019-nCoV in the 14 days prior to illness onset, or
 - visiting or working in a live animal market in Wuhan, Hubei Province, China in the 14 days prior to symptom onset, or
 - worked or attended a health care facility in the 14 days prior to onset of symptoms where patients with hospital associated 2019-nCoV infections have been reported.

*see https://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus for latest case definitions

¹ Clinicians should also be alert to the possibility of atypical presentations in patients who are immunocompromised; 2 'Close contact' is defined as:

Health care associated exposure, including providing direct care for 2019-nCoV patients, working with health care
workers infected with novel coronavirus, visiting patients or staying in the same close environment as a 2019-nCoV
patient.

[•] Working together in close proximity or sharing the same classroom environment with a 2019-nCoV patient

[•] Traveling together with a 2019-nCoV patient in any kind of conveyance

[•] Living in the same household as a 2019-nCoV patient The epidemiological link may have occurred within a 14-day period from onset of illness in the case under consideration.



MEDICAL CLEARANCE FORM 2 FOR TRAVEL TO THE REPUBLIC OF THE VANUATU Certification of Test Result for 2019-nCoV

Surname	First Name(s)	Date of Birth	Sex: (circle) M / F
Residential address			
	Medical Physician Declaration		
I, Dr		(Name and Quali	fications)
of			
	(Practice or Hospital Address)		
	the following WHO appointed 2019- only recommended test for 2019-no		or <u>y</u>
(name of WHO appointed 2019-nC	CoV referral laboratory)		
and I also hereby certify that this to	est returned a		
result for 2019-nCoV for the above	e individual.		
Doctor's Signature	Date (DD/MM/YYYY)	Company :	Stamp or Seal